

Arizona Department of Revenue Transaction Privilege Tax Exemption Certificate

ARIZONA FORM 5000

This form replaces earlier forms: 5000, 5001, 5002.

This exemption Certificate is prescribed by the Department of Revenue pursuant to ARS § 42-5009. The purpose of the certificate is to document tax-exempt transactions with qualified purchasers. It is to be filled out completely by the purchaser and furnished to the vendor. The vendor shall retain this Certificate for single transactions or for specified periods as indicated below. Incomplete Certificates are not considered to be accepted in good faith. Only one form of exemption can be claimed on a certificate.

Purchaser's Name and Address	Check Applicable Box:					
	☐ Single Transaction Certificate					
	Period From:	Through:				
Vendor's Name	(You must choose specific dates for which certificate will be valid)					
Choose one transaction type per Certificate						
Transactions with a Business (Please check appropriate item from numbers 1 - 19) Arizona Transaction Privilege Tax License Number SSN / EIN Other Tax License Number Tax number for another tax agency If no license number, provide reason:	Americans & Native American Businesses (Please check item number 24 or 24a) Tribal Business License # Si OR Tribal ID# Di Name of Tribe Di	Transactions with nonresidents (Please check appropriate item from numbers 25 - 26) State of residence Driver's License# Driver's License State SSN/ID 30 day Drive out permit #				
Precise Nature of Purchaser's Business	Government entity or certain Health Care Institutions (Please check appropriate item from numbers 1 - 23)					
Reason for Exemption - check as applicable 1. Tangible personal property to be resold in the ordinary course of business. 2. Tangible personal property to be leased or rented in the ordinary course of business. 3. Tangible personal property to be leased or rented in the ordinary course of business. 3. Tangible personal property to be leased or rented in the ordinary course of business. 4. Food, drink, or condiments purchased by a restaurant business. 5. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel subject to tax under ARS § 28-5606 or 5708. 6. Use fuel to a holder of a valid single trip use fuel tax permit issued under ARS § 28-5739. 7. Aviation fuel subject to the tax imposed under ARS § 28-8344. 8. Pipes or valves four inches in diameter or greater to be used for transportation of oil, natural gas, artificial gas, water or coal slurry. 9. Neat animals, horses, asses, sheep, ratities, swine or goats used as breeding or production stock (including ownership shares in such animals). 10. Aircraft, navigational and communication instruments and related accessories sold or leased to: Airlines holding a federal certificate of public convenience and necessity; or Airlines holding a foreign air carrier permit for air transportation; or Airlines holding a foreign government or nonresidents of Arizona who will not use such property in Arizona other than in removing such property from this state. 11. Railroad rolling stock, rails, ties and signal control equipment used directly to transport persons or property for hire. 12. Buses or urban mass transit vehicles used directly to transport persons or property for hire. 13. Central office switching equipment, switchboards, private branch exchange equipment, microwave radio equipment and carrier. Equipment including optical fiber, coaxial cable and other transmission media which are components of carrier systems sold or leased to persons engaged in the telecommunications business. 14. New machinery and equipment used for commercial production of ag						

	Groundwater measuring devices required under ARS § 45-604. Machinery or equipment used directly in the following processes:
	☐ Manufacturing, processing or fabricating. ☐ Job printing. ☐ Refining or metallurgical operations.
□ 18.	Extraction of ores or minerals from the earth for commercial purposes. Extraction of, or drilling for, oil or gas from the earth for commercial purposes. Printed, photographic, electronic media or digital media materials purchased by or for publicly funded libraries including school district
	libraries, charter school libraries, community college libraries, state university libraries or federal, state, county or municipal libraries for
□ 40	use by the public.
☐ 19.	Other: Cite specific statutory authority for the exemption of the tangible personal property.
•	ions based on the purchaser being a government entity, public school, or a qualifying health care institution.
☐ 20.	Food, drink or condiments for consumptions within the premises of any prison, jail or other institution under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections, the department of public safety, the department of juvenile corrections or a county sheriff. Food, drink, condiments or accessories purchased by a school district for consumption at a public school within the district during school hours.
<u> </u>	Tangible personal property sold or leased directly to the United States Government or its departments or agencies by a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer.
☐ 22.	Fifty percent of the gross proceeds or gross income from the sale of tangible personal property directly to the United States Government or its departments or agencies, which is not deducted under number 21 above. This exemption does not apply to leases.
□ 23.	Tangible personal property sold or leased directly to a qualifying non profit hospital, health care organization, community health center, or rehabilitation program for mentally or physically handicapped persons (an exemption letter for these entities must accompany this form).
Transac	tions with Native Americans & Native American Businesses
☐ 24.	Sale or lease of tangible personal property including Motor Vehicles to affiliated Native Americans if the solicitation for the sale, signing of the contract, delivery of the goods and payment for the goods all occur on the reservation.
☐ 24a	. Sale of a Motor Vehicle to an enrolled member of a tribe who resides on the reservation established for that tribe.
Transac	tions with nonresidents
<u>25.</u>	Sales of tangible personal property to nonresidents of Arizona who are temporarily within Arizona, for their use outside of Arizona, when the vendor ships the property out of Arizona by common carrier or United States mail or delivers such property out of Arizona via the vendor's own conveyance. NOTE: The vendor shall retain adequate documentation substantiating the shipment of the property out of Arizona.
□ 26.	Sale of a motor vehicle (vehicle must be self-propelled) to a nonresident of Arizona whose state of residence does not allow a use tax exemption for transaction privilege taxes paid to Arizona and who has secured a special 30-day nonresident registration for the vehicle (please see Arizona Form 5010).
Describ	e the tangible personal property or service purchased or leased and its use below. (Use additional pages if needed)
	Certification
burder of the If the pu the pu would subjec	dor that has reason to believe that the certificate is not accurate or complete will not be relieved of the not proving entitlement to the exemption. A vendor that accepts a certificate in good faith will be relieved burden of proof and the purchaser may be required to establish the accuracy of the claimed exemption. Burchaser cannot establish the accuracy and completeness of the information provided in the certificate, rchaser is liable for an amount equal to the transaction privilege tax, penalty and interest which the vendor have been required to pay if the vendor had not accepted the certificate. Misuse of this Certificate will be the purchaser to payment of the ARS § 42-5009 amount equal to any tax, penalty or interest. Willful misuse Certificate will subject the purchaser to criminal penalties of a felony pursuant to ARS § 42-1127.B.2.
exemp Further	t full name), hereby certify that these transactions are trom Arizona transaction privilege tax and that the information on this Certificate is true, accurate and complete. r, if purchasing or leasing as an agent or officer, I certify that I am authorized to execute this Certificate on behalf of rchaser named above.
Signatu	re of purchaser Date
Title	



Arizona Department of Revenue Prime Contractor's Certificate

ARIZONA FORM **5005**

The purpose of this form is to provide a subcontractor with the validation required for tax exemption of a particular project, for a period of time, or until revoked. This certificate establishes responsibility for the transaction privilege tax; therefore, it must be completed by the prime contractor assuming the contracting transaction privilege tax liability for the contracting project(s). The asterisked (*) items must be completed, otherwise the certificate is not valid. The Department may disregard this certificate pursuant to ARS § 42-5075.E if the certificate is incomplete or erroneous. If disregarded, the entity accepting the certificate (subcontractor) will have the burden of proving (pursuant to ARS § 42-5075.D), that it is not subject to transaction privilege tax as a taxable prime contractor.

A. Prime Contractor						
* NAME:			* TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE LICENSE #:			
*ADDRESS:						
			AZ Contractor License #:			
			Telephone #:			
		<u>'</u>				
B. Subcontractor			* TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE LICENSE #:			
* NAME:			MANGACTION PRIVILEGE LIGENGE #.			
*ADDRESS:			AZ Contractor License #:			
			Telephone #:			
C. Type of Certificate (check one and provide requested information)						
☐ Single Project Certificate			☐ Blanket Certificate (check applicable box and fill in requested information).			
** (For example; Building Permit #, Address,	OR		Period From:			
Subdivision, Book/Map/Parcel #s,						
and/or Legal Description)						
I hereby certify that I have authority to sign this Certificate on behalf of Prime Contractor. I understand that by excuting this Certificate, Prime Contractor is assuming the prime contracting transaction privilege tax liability applicable to the above referenced project(s).						
SIGNATURE			PRINT NAME			
TITLE			DATE SIGNED			

Prime Contractor's Certificate Instructions

PURPOSE

Arizona statutes impose transaction privilege tax on entities engaged in the business of prime contracting. If an entity meets the definition of the term "contractor" on a given project, that entity is liable for transaction privilege tax as a prime contractor or has the burden of proving that it is not the prime contractor for that contracting project. Obtaining a completed Arizona Department of Revenue Prime Contractor's Certificate satisfies that burden of proof. However, the Department of Revenue has the discretion to disregard the Certificate if it is incomplete or erroneous.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

In order to ensure the effectiveness of the Certificate, all required fields must be completed.

- A. The "NAME", "ADDRESS", and TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE LICENSE #" fields of the Prime Contractor section must be completed. The prime contractor is the entity responsible for the tax.
- B. The "NAME", and "ADDRESS", fields of the Subcontractor section must be complete.
- C. Either the "Single Project Certificate" box or the "Blanket Certificate" box of the Type of Certificate section must be checked.
 - If the Single Project Certificate box is checked, the "PROJECT DESCRIPTION" must be supplied. The project description must be sufficient to identify the location of the single project or the Certificate will be deemed incomplete by the Department of Revenue.
 - If the Blanket Certificate box is checked, either the "From: Through:" box or the "Until revoked" box must be checked. If the "From: Through:" box is checked, the "From: Through:" dates must be provided. The "Specific Exceptions" box is optional and allows the "Prime Contractor" to exclude Specific projects or time periods from the Blanket Certificate. If the "Specific Exceptions" is checked, details describing the excluded project(s) or the excluded time periods must be provided.
 - The "SIGNATURE" "TITLE", "PRINT NAME" and "DATE SIGNED" FIELDS of the Signature section must be completed.

Failure to complete these fields as specified may result in the Arizona Department of Revenue disregarding the incomplete Certificate.

RETROACTIVE EFFECT

If a Certificate is signed subsequent to the commencement or completion of a contracting project intended to be within the scope of the Certificate, the Department of Revenue will give retroactive effect to the Certificate for the intended project. However, the Certificate will only be given retroactive effect for periods within 4 years of the execution date of the Certificate. In the event that the "Blanket Certificate" box is checked and the "Until revoked" option is selected thereunder, in order to give a Certificate retroactive effect, the "Prime Contractor" must indicate, next to the "Until revoked" box, the effective date of the Blanket Certificate.

ASSUMPTION OF LIABILITY

In most instances, the entity assuming the prime contracting transaction privilege tax liability for the contracting project(s) referenced in the Certificate will legally be the prime contractor for such project(s). However, in some instances such entity may not legally be the prime contractor for such project(s). If an entity is NOT LEGALLY the prime contractor for such project(s), the Certificate will nevertheless be effective and will subject such entity to the transaction privilege tax liability of the entity shown as the "Subcontractor" on the Certificate if such "Subcontractor" IS LEGALLY the prime contractor.